

GENERAL DEFINITIONS

Certain words and phrases in this Plan Document are defined below. If the defined term is not used in this document, the term does not apply to this Plan.

Masculine pronouns used in this Plan Document will include either the masculine or feminine gender unless the context indicates otherwise.

Any words used herein in the singular or plural will include the alternative as applicable.

ACCIDENTAL INJURY

"Accidental Injury" means an injury sustained as a result of an external force or forces that is/are sudden, direct and unforeseen and is/are exact as to time and place. A hernia of any kind will only be considered as an illness.

ACTIVE SERVICE

"Active Service" means that an Employee is in service with the County on a day which is one of the County's regularly scheduled work days and that the Employee is performing all of the regular duties of his/her employment with the County on a regular basis, either at one of the County's business establishments or at some location to which the County's business requires him/her to travel.

ADVERSE BENEFIT DETERMINATION

"Adverse Benefit Determination" means any of the following: a denial, reduction, or termination of, or a failure to provide or make payment, in whole or in part, for, a benefit, including any such denial, reduction, termination, or failure to provide or make payment that is based on a determination of a Participant's or beneficiary's eligibility to participate in the Plan, and including, with respect to group health plans, a denial, reduction, or termination of, or a failure to provide or make payment, in whole or in part, for, a benefit resulting from the application of any utilization review, as well as a failure to cover an item or service for which benefits are otherwise provided because it is determined to be Experimental or Investigational or not Medically Necessary or appropriate, or a rescission of coverage if the Plan Administrator determines that the Employee or a Dependent engaged in fraud or intentional misrepresentation in order to obtain coverage and/or benefits under the Plan. In such case, the Participant will receive written notice at least thirty (30) days before the coverage is rescinded.

ALCOHOLISM

"Alcoholism" means a morbid state caused by excessive and compulsive consumption of alcohol that interferes with the patient's health, social or economic functioning.

ALCOHOLISM AND/OR CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY TREATMENT FACILITY

"Alcoholism and/or Chemical Dependency Treatment Facility" means a licensed institution which provides a program for diagnosis, evaluation, and effective treatment of Alcoholism and/or Chemical Dependency; provides detoxification services needed with its effective treatment program; provides infirmity-level medical services or arranges with a Hospital in the area for any other medical services that may be required; is at all times supervised by a staff of Physicians; provides at all times skilled nursing care by licensed nurses who are directed by a full-time Registered Nurse (R.N.); prepares and maintains a written plan of treatment for each patient based on medical, psychological and social needs which is supervised by a Physician; and meets licensing standards.

AMBULANCE SERVICE

"Ambulance" means an entity, its personnel and equipment including, but not limited to, automobiles, airplanes, boats or helicopters, which are licensed to provide Emergency medical and Ambulance services in the state in which the services are rendered.

BENEFIT PERCENTAGE

"Benefit Percentage" means that portion of Eligible Expenses payable by the Plan, which is stated as a percentage in the Schedule of Benefits.

BENEFIT PERIOD

"Benefit Period" refers to a time period of one year, which is either a Calendar Year or other annual period, as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Such Benefit Period will terminate on the earliest of the following dates:

1. The last day of the one year period so established; or
2. The day the Maximum Lifetime Benefit applicable to the Covered Person becomes paid; or
3. The date the Plan terminates.

BIRTHING CENTER

A facility staffed by Physicians, which is licensed as a Birthing Center in the jurisdiction where it is located.

CALENDAR YEAR

"Calendar Year" means a period of time commencing on January 1 and ending on December 31 of the same year.

CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY

"Chemical Dependency" means the physiological and psychological addiction to a controlled drug or substance, or to alcohol. Dependence upon tobacco, nicotine, caffeine or eating disorders are not included in this definition.

CLOSE RELATIVE

"Close Relative" means the spouse, parent, brother, sister, child, or in-laws of the Covered Person.

COBRA

"COBRA" means Sections 2201 through 2208 of the Public Health Service Act 42 U.S.C. §300bb-1 through §300bb-8, which contains provisions similar to Title X of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended.

COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE

"COBRA Continuation Coverage" means continuation coverage provided under the provisions of the Public Health Service Act referenced herein under the definition of "COBRA".

CONVALESCENT NURSING FACILITY

See "Skilled Nursing Facility".

COUNTY

"County" means Rosebud County.

COSMETIC

"Cosmetic" means services or treatment ordered or performed solely to change a Covered Person's appearance rather than for the restoration of bodily function.

COVERED PERSON

"Covered Person" means any Participant or Dependent of a Participant meeting the eligibility requirements for coverage and properly enrolled for coverage as specified in the Plan.

CUSTODIAL CARE

"Custodial Care" means the type of care or service, wherever furnished and by whatever name called, which is designed primarily to assist a Covered Person in the activities of daily living. Such activities include, but are not limited to: bathing, dressing, feeding, preparation of special diets, assistance in walking or in getting in and out of bed, and supervision over medication which can normally be self-administered.

DEDUCTIBLE

"Deductible" means a specified dollar amount that must be incurred before the Plan will pay any amount for any benefit during each Benefit Period.

DEPENDENT

"Dependent" means a person who is eligible for coverage under the Dependent Eligibility subsection of this Plan.

DEPENDENT COVERAGE

"Dependent Coverage" means eligibility for coverage under the terms of the Plan for benefits payable as a consequence of Eligible Incurred Expenses for an Illness or Injury of a Dependent.

DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT

"Durable Medical Equipment" means equipment which is:

1. Able to withstand repeated use, i.e., could normally be rented, and used by successive patients; and
2. Primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose; and
3. Not generally useful to a person in the absence of Illness or Injury.

ELIGIBLE EXPENSES

"Eligible Expenses" means the maximum amount of any charge for a covered service, treatment or supply that may be considered for payment by the Plan, including any portion of that charge that may be applied to the Deductible or used to satisfy the Out-of-Pocket Maximum. Eligible Expenses are equal to the Maximum Eligible Expense as defined by this Plan.

EMERGENCY

"Emergency" means a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms which occur suddenly and unexpectedly and for which the Covered Person receives medical care no later than 48 hours after the onset of the condition. Emergency is any medical condition for which a reasonable and prudent layperson, possessing average knowledge of health and medicine, would expect that failure to seek immediate medical attention would result in death, more severe or disabling medical condition(s), or continued severe pain without cessation in the absence of medical treatment. Emergency may include, but is not limited to, severe Injury, hemorrhaging, poisoning, loss of consciousness or respiration, fractures, convulsions, injuries reasonably likely to require sutures, severe acute pain, severe burns, prolonged high fever and symptoms normally associated with heart attack or stroke.

"Emergency" will specifically exclude usual out-patient treatment of childhood diseases, flu, common cold, pre-natal examinations, physical examinations and minor sprains, lacerations, abrasions and minor burns, and other medical conditions usually capable of treatment at a clinic or doctor's office during regular working hours.

EMPLOYEE

"Employee" means a person employed by the Employer on a continuing and regular basis who is a common-law Employee and who is on the Employer's W-2 payroll.

Employee does not include any Employee leased from another Employer including, but not limited to, those individuals defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 414(n), or an individual classified by the Employer as a contract worker or independent contractor if such persons are not on the Employer's W-2 payroll, or any individual who performs services for the Employer but who is paid by a temporary or other employment agency such as "Kelly," "Manpower," etc.

EMPLOYER

"Employer" means the County or any affiliated agencies or boards that have adopted this Plan for its Employees.

ENROLLMENT DATE

"Enrollment Date" means the date a person becomes eligible for coverage under this Plan or the eligible person's effective date of coverage under this Plan, whichever occurs first.

EXPERIMENTAL/INVESTIGATIONAL

"Experimental/Investigational" means:

1. Any drug or device that cannot be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and approval for marketing has not been given at the time the drug or device is furnished; or
2. Any drug, device, medical treatment or procedure for which the patient informed consent document utilized with the drug, device, treatment or procedure, was reviewed and approved by the treating facility's Institutional Review Board or other body serving a similar function, or if federal law requires such review or approval; or
3. That the drug, device or medical treatment or procedure is under study, prior to or in the absence of any clinical trial, to determine its maximum tolerated dose, its toxicity, or its safety; or

4. That based upon Reliable Evidence, the drug, device, medical treatment or procedure is the subject of an on-going Phase I or Phase II clinical trial. (A Phase III clinical trial recognized by the National Institute of Health is not considered Experimental or Investigational.) For chemotherapy regimens, a Phase II clinical trial is not considered Experimental or Investigational when both of these criteria are met:
 - A. The regimen or protocol has been the subject of a completed and published Phase II clinical trial which demonstrates benefits equal to or greater than existing accepted treatment protocols; and
 - B. The regimen or protocol listed by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network is supported by level of evidence Category 2B or higher; or
5. Based upon Reliable Evidence, any drug, device, medical treatment or procedure that the prevailing opinion among experts is that further studies or clinical trial are necessary to determine the maximum tolerated dose, its toxicity, its safety, its efficacy or its efficacy as compared with generally medically accepted means of treatment or diagnosis; or
6. Any drug, device, medical treatment or procedure used in a manner outside the scope of use for which it was approved by the FDA or other applicable regulatory authority (U.S. Department of Health, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), American Dental Association, American Medical Association).

"Reliable Evidence" means only reports and articles published in authoritative medical and scientific literature; the written protocol or protocols used by a treating facility or the protocol(s) of another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, medical treatment or procedure; or the informed consent document used by the treating facility or by another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, medical treatment or procedure.

FAMILY

"Family" means a Participant and his or her eligible Dependents as defined herein.

FMLA

"FMLA" means Family and Medical Leave Act.

HIPAA

"HIPAA" means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended.

HOSPICE

"Hospice" means a health care program providing a coordinated set of services rendered at home, in Outpatient settings or in institutional settings for Covered Persons suffering from a condition that has a terminal prognosis. A Hospice must have an interdisciplinary group of personnel which includes at least one Physician and one Registered Nurse (R.N.), and it must maintain central clinical records on all patients. A Hospice must meet the standards of the National Hospice Organization (NHO) and applicable state licensing requirements.

HOSPICE BENEFIT PERIOD

"Hospice Benefit Period" means a specified amount of time during which the Covered Person undergoes treatment by a Hospice. Such time period begins on the date the attending Physician of a Covered Person certifies a diagnosis of terminal illness, and the Covered Person is accepted into a Hospice program. The period will end the earliest of six months from this date or at the death of the Covered Person. A new Hospice Benefit Period may begin if the attending Physician certifies that the patient is still terminally ill; however, additional proof will be required by the Plan Administrator before a new Hospice Benefit Period can begin.

HOSPITAL

"Hospital" means an institution which meets all of the following conditions:

1. It is engaged primarily in providing medical care and treatment to ill and injured persons on an inpatient basis at the patient's expense; and
2. It is licensed as a Hospital or critical access hospital under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the facility is physically located; and
3. It maintains on its premises the facilities necessary to provide for the diagnosis and treatment of an illness or an injury or provides for the facilities through arrangement or agreement with another hospital; and
4. It provides treatment for compensation by or under the supervision of Physicians with continuous twenty-four (24) hour nursing services by Registered Nurses (R.N.'s); and
5. It is a provider of services under Medicare. This condition is waived for otherwise Eligible Incurred Expenses outside of the United States; and
6. It is not, other than incidentally, a place for rest, a place for the aged, a place for drug addicts, a place for alcoholics, or a nursing home.

HOSPITAL MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

"Hospital Miscellaneous Expenses" mean the actual charges made by a Hospital on its own behalf for services and supplies rendered to the Covered Person which are Medically Necessary for the treatment of such Covered Person. Hospital Miscellaneous Expenses do not include charges for Room and Board or for professional services, regardless of whether the services are rendered under the direction of the Hospital or otherwise.

ILLNESS

"Illness" means a bodily disorder, Pregnancy, disease, physical sickness, Mental Illness, or functional nervous disorder of a Covered Person.

INCURRED EXPENSES OR EXPENSES INCURRED

"Incurred Expenses" or "Expenses Incurred" means those services and supplies rendered to a Covered Person. Such expenses will be considered to have occurred at the time or date the treatment, service or supply is actually provided.

INITIAL ENROLLMENT PERIOD

"Initial Enrollment Period" means the time allowed by this Plan for enrollment when a person first becomes eligible for coverage.

INJURY

"Injury" means physical damage to the Covered Person's body which is not caused by disease or bodily infirmity.

INPATIENT

"Inpatient" means the classification of a Covered Person when that Person is admitted to a Hospital, Hospice, or Skilled Nursing Facility for treatment, and charges are made for Room and Board to the Covered Person as a result of such treatment.

INPATIENT CONFINEMENT DAY

"Inpatient Confinement Day" means any day a person is classified as Inpatient. An Inpatient Confinement Day will commence at 12:01 A.M. and will be calculated using a calendar day.

INTENSIVE CARE UNIT

"Intensive Care Unit" means a section, ward, or wing within the Hospital which is separated from other facilities and:

1. Is operated exclusively for the purpose of providing professional medical treatment for critically ill patients;
2. It has special supplies and equipment necessary for such medical treatment available on a standby basis for immediate use; and
3. It provides constant observation and treatment by Registered Nurses (R.N.'s) or other highly-trained Hospital personnel.

LICENSED HEALTH CARE PROVIDER

"Licensed Health Care Provider" means any provider of health care services who is licensed or certified by any applicable governmental regulatory authority to the extent that services are within the scope of the license or certification and are not specifically excluded by this Plan.

LICENSED PRACTICAL NURSE

"Licensed Practical Nurse" means an individual who has received specialized nursing training and practical nursing experience, and is licensed to perform such nursing services by the state or regulatory agency responsible for such licensing in the state in which that individual performs such services.

LICENSED SOCIAL WORKER

"Licensed Social Worker" means a person holding a Masters Degree (M.S.W.) in social work and who is currently licensed as a social worker in the state in which services are rendered, and who provides counseling and treatment in a clinical setting for Mental Illnesses.

MAXIMUM ELIGIBLE EXPENSES or MEE

"Maximum Eligible Expense" or "MEE" means the maximum amount considered for payment by this Plan for any covered treatment, service, or supply, subject however, to all Plan annual and lifetime maximum benefit limitations. The following criteria will apply to determination of the Maximum Eligible Expense:

1. For services of a Physician or Licensed Health Care Provider:
 - A. A contracted amount as established by a preferred provider or other discounting contract;
 - B. An amount based upon fee schedules adopted by the Plan and Plan Supervisor if a contracted amount does not exist; or
 - C. If neither A nor B above apply, an amount equal to 80% of the provider's average billed charge for the service.
2. For facility charges:
 - A. A contracted amount as established by a preferred provider or other discounting contract; or
 - B. An amount based upon fee schedules adopted by the Plan and Plan Supervisor if a contracted amount does not exist; or
 - C. A schedule maintained by the Plan Supervisor and based upon the average billed charge, reduced by 20%.
3. For all prescription drugs while undergoing either inpatient or outpatient treatment, including injectable drugs:
 - A. A contracted amount as established by a preferred provider or other discounting contract;
 - B. 125% of the current Medicare allowable fee, if a contracted amount does not exist; or
 - C. The billed charge if less than A or B above.
4. For Durable Medical Equipment:
 - A. A contracted amount as established by a preferred provider or other discounting contract;
 - B. The allowable charge established by application of the Medicare DME Fee Schedule; or
 - C. The billed charge if less than A or B above.
5. For Air Ambulance:
 - A. A contracted amount as established by a preferred provider or other discounting contract;
 - B. 250% of the allowable charge established by application of the Medicare Ambulance Fee Schedule; or
 - C. The billed charge if less than A or B above.

6. For surgical implants (devices and related supplies):
 - A. A contracted amount established by a preferred provider or other discounting contract;
 - B. 50% of billed charges; or
 - C. 150% of invoice if less than B above.
7. For Dialysis Centers:
 - A. A contracted amount established by a preferred provider or any other discounting contract;
 - B. An amount equal to 200% of the Medicare Allowable fee for the same treatment if an out-of-network provider is used and no discounting contract can be established; or
 - C. The billed charge if less than A or B above.

MAXIMUM LIFETIME BENEFIT

"Maximum Lifetime Benefit" means the maximum benefit payable while a person is covered under this Plan. The Maximum Lifetime Benefit will not be construed as providing lifetime coverage, or benefits for a person's illness or injury after coverage terminates under this Plan.

MEDICAL POLICY

"Medical Policy" means a policy adopted by the Plan which is created and updated by Physicians and other medical providers and is used to determine whether health care services including medical and surgical procedures, medication, medical equipment and supplies, processes and technology meet the following nationally accepted criteria:

1. Final approval from the appropriate governmental regulatory agencies;
2. Scientific studies showing conclusive evidence of improved net health outcome; and
3. In accordance with any established standards of good medical practice.

MEDICALLY NECESSARY

"Medically Necessary" means treatment, tests, services or supplies provided by a Hospital, Physician, or other Licensed Health Care Provider which are not excluded under this Plan and which meet all of the following criteria:

1. Are to treat or diagnose an illness or injury; and
2. Are ordered by a Physician or Licensed Health Care Provider and consistent with the symptoms or diagnosis and treatment of the illness or injury; and
3. Are not primarily for the convenience of the Covered Person, Physician or other Licensed Health Care Provider; and
4. Are the standard or level of services most appropriate for good medical practice that can be safely provided to the Covered Person and are in accordance with the Plan's Medical Policy; and
5. Are not of an Experimental/Investigational or solely educational nature; and
6. Are not provided primarily for medical or other research; and

7. Do not involve excessive, unnecessary or repeated tests; and
8. Are commonly and customarily recognized by the medical profession as appropriate in the treatment or diagnosis of the diagnosed condition; and
9. Are approved procedures or meet required guidelines or protocols of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or Centers for Medicare/Medicaid Services (CMS), pursuant to that entity's program oversight authority based upon the medical treatment circumstances.

MEDICAID

"Medicaid" means that program of medical care and coverage established and provided by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, as amended.

MEDICARE

"Medicare" means the programs established under the "Health Insurance for the Aged Act," Public Law 89-97 under Title XVIII of the Federal Social Security Act, as amended, to pay for various medical expenses for qualified individuals, specifically those who are eligible for Medicare Part A, Part B or Part D as a result of age, those with end-stage renal disease, or with disabilities.

MENTAL ILLNESS

"Mental Illness" means a medically recognized psychological, physiological, nervous or behavioral condition, affecting the brain, which can be diagnosed and treated by medically recognized and accepted methods, **but will not include Alcoholism, Chemical Dependency or other addictive behavior.** Conditions recognized by the Diagnostic Statistical Manual (the most current edition) will be included in this definition.

MMSERA

"MMSERA" means the Montana Military Service Employment Rights Act (MMSERA), as amended.

NAMED FIDUCIARY

"Named Fiduciary" means the Plan Administrator which has the authority to control and manage the operation and administration of the Plan.

NEWBORN

"Newborn" refers to an infant from the date of his/her birth until the initial Hospital discharge or until the infant is fourteen (14) days old, whichever occurs first.

OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY

"Occupational Therapy" means a program of care ordered by a Physician which is for the purpose of improving the physical, cognitive and perceptual disabilities that influence the Covered Person's ability to perform functional tasks related to normal life functions or occupations, and which is for the purpose of assisting the Covered Person in performing such functional tasks without assistance.

ORTHOPEDIC APPLIANCE

"Orthopedic Appliance" means a rigid or semi-rigid support used to restrict or eliminate motion in a diseased, injured, weak or deformed body member.

OUT-OF-POCKET MAXIMUM

"Out-of-Pocket Maximum" means the maximum dollar amount, as stated in the Schedule of Medical Benefits, that any Covered Person or Family will pay in any Benefit Period for covered services, treatments or supplies. The Out-of-Pocket Maximum includes amounts applied toward the Deductible and any amounts in excess of the Benefit Percentage paid by the Plan.

OUTPATIENT

"Outpatient" means a Covered Person who is receiving medical care, treatment, services or supplies at a clinic, a Physician's office, a Licensed Health Care Provider's office or at a Hospital if not a registered bedpatient at that Hospital, Psychiatric Facility or Alcoholism and/or Chemical Dependency Treatment Facility.

PARTICIPANT

"Participant" means an Employee of the County who is eligible and enrolled for coverage under this Plan.

PHYSICAL THERAPY

"Physical Therapy" means a plan of care ordered by a Physician and provided by a licensed physical therapist, to return the Covered Person to the highest level of motor functioning possible.

PHYSICIAN

"Physician" means a person holding the degree of Doctor of Medicine, Dentistry or Osteopathy, or Optometry who is legally licensed as such.

"Physician" does not include the Covered Person or any Close Relative of the Covered Person who does not regularly charge the Covered Person for services.

PLACEMENT OR PLACED FOR ADOPTION

"Placement" or "Placed for Adoption" means the assumption and retention of a legal obligation for total or partial support of a child by a person with whom the child has been placed in anticipation of the child's adoption. The child's Placement for Adoption with such person ends upon the termination of such legal obligation.

PLAN

"Plan" means the Health Benefit Plan for Employees of the County, the Plan Document and any other relevant documents pertinent to its operation and maintenance.

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR

"Plan Administrator" means the County and/or its designee which is responsible for the day-to-day functions and management of the Plan. The Plan Administrator may employ persons or firms to process claims and perform other Plan-connected services. For the purposes of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, and any applicable state legislation of a similar nature, the County will be deemed to be the Plan Administrator of the Plan unless by action of the Board of County Commissioners, the County designates an individual or committee to act as Plan Administrator of the Plan.

PLAN SUPERVISOR

"Plan Supervisor" means the person or firm employed by the Plan to provide consulting services to the Plan in connection with the operation of the Plan and any other functions, including the processing and payment of claims. The Plan Supervisor is Allegiance Benefit Plan Management, Inc. The Plan Supervisor provides ministerial duties only, exercises no discretion over Plan assets and will not be considered a fiduciary as defined by ERISA (Employee Retirement Income Security Act) or any other State or Federal law or regulation.

PREGNANCY

"Pregnancy" means a physical condition commencing with conception, and ending with miscarriage or birth.

PREVENTIVE CARE

"Preventive Care" means routine examinations or services provided when there is no objective indication or outward manifestation of impairment of normal health or normal bodily function, which is not provided for treatment or diagnosis of any Injury or Illness.

PROSTHETIC APPLIANCE

"Prosthetic Appliance" means a device or appliance that is designed to replace a natural body part lost or damaged due to Illness or Injury, the purpose of which is to restore full or partial bodily function or appearance, or in the case of Covered Dental Benefit, means any device which replaces all or part of a missing tooth or teeth.

PSYCHIATRIC CARE

"Psychiatric Care," also known as psychoanalytic care, means treatment for a Mental Illness or disorder, a functional nervous disorder, Alcoholism or drug addiction by a licensed psychiatrist, psychologist, Licensed Social Worker or licensed professional counselor acting within the scope and limitations of his/her respective license, provided that such treatment is Medically Necessary as defined by the Plan, and within recognized and accepted professional psychiatric and psychological standards and practices.

PSYCHIATRIC FACILITY

"Psychiatric Facility" means a licensed institution that provides Mental Illness treatment and which provides for a psychiatrist who has regularly scheduled hours in the facility, and who assumes the overall responsibility for coordinating the care of all patients.

PSYCHOLOGIST

"Psychologist" means a person currently licensed in the state in which services are rendered as a psychologist and acting within the scope of his/her license.

QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY

"Qualified Beneficiary" means an Employee, former Employee or Dependent of an Employee or former Employee who is eligible to continue coverage under the Plan in accordance with applicable provisions of Title X of COBRA or Section 609(a) of ERISA in relation to QMCSO's.

"Qualified Beneficiary" will also include a child born to, adopted by or Placed for Adoption with an Employee or former Employee at any time during COBRA Continuation Coverage.

QMCSO

"QMCSO" means Qualified Medical Child Support Order as defined by Section 609(a) of ERISA, as amended.

REGISTERED NURSE

"Registered Nurse" means an individual who has received specialized nursing training and is authorized to use the designation of "R.N." and who is licensed by the state or regulatory agency in the state in which the individual performs such nursing services.

RETIREE

"Retiree" means an Employee who retires under a retirement program authorized by law and eligible to continue coverage with the Employer pursuant to the terms of 2-18-704 MCA as amended from time to time.

ROOM AND BOARD

"Room and Board" refers to all charges which are made by a Hospital, Hospice, or Skilled Nursing Facility as a condition of occupancy. Such charges do not include the professional services of Physicians or intensive nursing care by whatever name called.

SEMI-PRIVATE

"Semi-Private" refers to the class of accommodations in a Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility in which at least two patient beds are available per room.

SKILLED NURSING FACILITY

"Skilled Nursing Facility" means an institution, or distinct part thereof, which meets all of the following conditions:

1. It is licensed to provide, on an Inpatient basis, for persons convalescing from Injury or Illness, professional nursing services rendered by a Registered Nurse (R.N.) or by a Licensed Practical Nurse (L.P.N.) and physical restoration services to assist patients to reach a degree of body functioning to permit self-care in essential daily living activities; and
2. The Facility's services are provided for compensation from its patients and under the full-time supervision of a Physician or Registered Nurse; and
3. It provides twenty-four (24) hour per day nursing services by licensed nurses, under the direction of a full-time Registered Nurse; and
4. It maintains complete medical records on each patient; and
5. It has an effective utilization review plan; and
6. It is not, other than incidentally, a place for rest, the aged, drug addicts, alcoholics, mentally disabled persons, custodial or educational care, or care of mental disorders; and
7. It is approved and licensed by Medicare.

This term also applies to Incurred Expenses in an institution known as a Skilled Nursing Facility, Extended Care Facility, Convalescent Nursing Home, or any such other similar nomenclature.

SPEECH THERAPY

"Speech Therapy" means a course of treatment, ordered by a Physician, to treat speech deficiencies or impediments.

USERRA

"USERRA" means the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act, as amended.